CONDITIONS THAT MAY CAUSE

RESTLESS LEGS SYNDROME

Reduced dopamine in the brain



- Dopamine triggers nerve impulses that affect muscle movement.
- Damage to nerve cells reduces dopamine, causing involuntary muscle movements and restless legs.

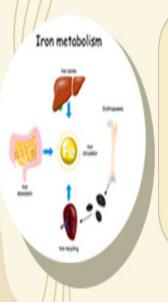
Neurological problems in the spinal cord

- Nerve impairment in the spinal cord may affect muscle control.
- Problematic muscle control may lead to restless

legs syndrome.



Issues with iron metabolism



 Insufficient iron absorption by the cells may affect dopamine regulation in the brain.

 Improper iron metabolism may lead to restless legs syndrome.

References:

- 1. Restless legs syndrome and related disorders; Mount Sinai
- 2. Restless legs syndrome; NHS



Source: <u>https://www.momjunction.com/articles/restless-leg-syndrome-in-kids-treatment-</u>causes-remedies_00720593/